Extracts from: Liverpool Local Environmental Plan 2008

7 (a) Rural Supplies

rural supplies means a building or place used for the display, sale (whether by retail or wholesale) or hire of stockfeeds, grains, seed, fertilizers, veterinary supplies and other goods or materials used in farming and primary industry production.

Zone RU1 Primary Production

1 Objectives of zone

- To encourage sustainable primary industry production by maintaining and enhancing the natural resource base.
- To encourage diversity in primary industry enterprises and systems appropriate for the area
- To minimise the fragmentation and alienation of resource lands.
- To minimise conflict between land uses within the zone and land uses within adjoining zones.
- To ensure that development does not unreasonably increase the demand for public services or public facilities.
- To ensure that development does not hinder the development or operation of an airport on Commonwealth land in Badgery's Creek.
- To preserve bushland, wildlife corridors and natural habitat.

2 Permitted without consent

Environmental protection works; Extensive agriculture; Home-based child care; Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent

Agriculture; Airstrips; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Cemeteries; Community facilities; Crematoria; Drainage; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Earthworks; Environmental facilities; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Farm stay accommodation; Flood mitigation works; Forestry; Hazardous storage establishments; Health consulting rooms; Helipads; Heliports; Home businesses; Home industries; Landscape and garden supplies; Mining; Offensive storage establishments; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (outdoor); Roads; Roadside stalls; Rural industries; Veterinary hospitals; Water recreation structures

4 Prohibited

Any development not specified in item 2 or 3

Zone RU4 Rural Small Holdings

1 Objectives of zone

- To enable sustainable primary industry and other compatible land uses.
- · To maintain the rural and scenic character of the land.
- To ensure that development does not unreasonably increase the demand for public services or public facilities.
- To minimise conflict between land uses within the zone and land uses within adjoining zones.
- To ensure that development is compatible with the rural character of the land and maintains the feasibility of agricultural uses.

2 Permitted without consent

Extensive agriculture; Home-based child care; Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent

Agriculture; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Cemeteries; Community facilities; Crematoria; Drainage; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Earthworks; Entertainment facilities; Environmental protection works; Farm buildings; Farm stay accommodation; Flood mitigation works; Helipads; Home businesses; Home industries; Horticulture; Landscape and garden supplies; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Roads; Roadside stalls; Rural industries; Water recreation structures

4 Prohibited

Any development not specified in item 2 or 3

7(b) Secondary Dwelling

Secondary dwelling means a self-contained dwelling that:

- (a) is established in conjunction with another dwelling (the principal dwelling), and
- (b) is on the same lot of land (not being an individual lot in a strata plan or community title scheme) as the principal dwelling, and
- (c) is located within, or is attached to, or is separate from, the principal dwelling.

Note. See clause 5.4 for controls relating to the total floor area.

5.4 Controls relating to miscellaneous permissible uses

Secondary dwellings

If development for the purposes of a secondary dwelling is permitted under this Plan, the total floor area of the dwelling (excluding any area used for parking) must not exceed whichever of the following is the greater:

- (a) 60 square metres,
- (b) 20% of the total floor area of both the self-contained dwelling and the principal dwelling.

dual occupancy means 2 dwellings (whether attached or detached) on one lot of land (not being an individual lot in a strata plan or community title scheme), but does not include a secondary dwelling.

7.10 Minimum allotment size for dual occupancies in rural zones

- (1) The objective of this clause is to maintain opportunities for productive rural and urban fringe uses by providing certainty about the land area required for two dwellings to be on a single lot in rural zones.
- (2) Development consent for the purposes of a dual occupancy on land in Zone RU1 Primary Production, RU2 Rural Landscape or RU4 Rural Small Holdings may be granted only if the lot:
 - (a) is a lot on which a dwelling house can lawfully be erected, and
 - (b) has an area of not less than:
 - (i) 10 hectares, if in Zone RU1 Primary Production, or
 - (ii) 2 hectares, if in Zone RU2 Rural Landscape or Zone RU4 Rural Small Holdings.